

The Fibonacci Launch Conference *Bayreuth* 21-22 of September 2010

The Fibonacci Project





Started in January 2010 for 38 months.

Call : Dissemination and use of inquiry-based teaching methods on a large scale in Europe

Science in Society programme (DG Research)

25 partners (21 countries)

European coordination : Ecole normale supérieure, Paris Scientific coordination : Ecole normale supérieure, Paris – University of Bayreuth





Main objectives

- Designing , implementing and testing a process of dissemination in Europe of IBSME at primary and secondary schools.
- Creating a network of 12 References centres (RC) based on successful Pollen seed cities and SINUS-TRANSFER projects.
- Twinning each RC with 2 Centres (TC1 and TC2) considered as Reference Centres-in-progress.
- Elaborating a blueprint of a transfer methodology, valid for further Reference centres in Europe...





3 pillars and 9 basic patterns

- Pillar 1 : Inquiry-based science and mathematics education in primary and secondary schools
- Pillar 2 : Local approach.
- Pillar 3 : Twinning strategy

9 Basic Patterns

- 1. Developing a problem-based culture
- 2. Working in a scientific manner
- 3. Learning from mistakes
- 4. Securing basic knowledge
- 5. Cumulative learning
- 6. Experiencing subject boundaries and interdisciplinary approaches
- 7. Promoting the participation of girls and boys
- 8. Promoting student cooperation
- 9. Autonomous learning





What is a reference centre ?

- Recognition and expertise in inquiry-based education
- Systemic approach to implement IBSME in at least 25 classes
- Learning resources and material for schools
- Teacher training and teachers follow-up
- Based on a local network of key players
- Connections with universities regarding research in IBSME



The Fibonacci sequence



Fibonacci network





Transversal activities (1)

Common topics

- 4 to 6 partners will jointly work together on five major topics:
 - **1-** Deepening specificities of inquiry in mathematics
 - **2-** Deepening specificities of inquiry in natural sciences
 - **3-** Implementing and expanding a Reference centre
 - 4- Cross disciplinary approaches
 - 5- Using the external environment of the school
- September 2011 to March 2012 : Organisation of 5 European training sessions (60 participants each)
- 2012 : 5 European guidelines related to the topics.









Transversal activities (2)

- Fibonacci Project First European Conference Bayreuth, Germany (Sept 21–22, 2010)
- •"Follow-up" Seminar in Denmark (March 2011)
- •Scientific conference : Bridging the gap between scientific education research and practice Leicester, UK (25-26 April 2012).
- •"Conclusion" Seminar in Slovakia (Oct/Dec 2012)



Transversal activities (3)



The greenwave project

- following the evolution of 4/5 species throughout Europe between February and June.
- measuring the temperature, rain fall and wind speed.
- uploading information and photographs onto the website.
- To see a green wave moving up across Europe in springtime.
- 25 teachers / country
- <u>www.greenwave-europe.eu</u> (from January 1st 2011)





Coordination





Main Challenges

- put together science and mathematics education actors
- Explore the transition between primary and secondary schools
- Interest researchers to the Fibonacci activities
- Common frame vs. resources and strategies adapted to the different E.U educational system



